

1 S/RES/4410/1/1

2
3 The Security Council,

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5 *Reaffirming* its previous resolutions on Afghanistan, in particular its resolutions 1386 (2001) of 20
6 December 2001, 1413 (2002) of 23 May 2002, 1444 (2002) of 27 November 2002 and 1510 (2003) of 13
7 October 2003,

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9 *Reaffirming also* its resolutions 1368 (2001) of 12 September 2001 and 1373 (2001) of 28 September
10 2001 and *reiterating* its support for international efforts to root out terrorism in accordance with the Charter of
11 the United Nations,

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13 *Reaffirming also* its strong commitment to the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and
14 national unity of Afghanistan,

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16 *Determining* that the situation in Afghanistan still constitutes a threat to international peace and
17 security,

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19 *Stressing* the crucial importance of extending the central government authority to all parts of
20 Afghanistan, to comprehensive disarmament, demobilisation and reintegration of all armed factions,
21 and to the building up of the new Afghan National Army (ANA) and Police,

22
23 *Recognising* that the responsibility for providing security and law and order throughout the country
24 resides with the Afghan people themselves,

25
26 *Welcoming* the continuing cooperation of the Afghan Transitional Authority with the International
27 Security Assistance Force (ISAF) and the first important steps taken as a consequence of the extension of the
28 mandate for the ISAF by resolution 1510 (2003),

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30 *Reaffirming* the importance of the *Bonn Agreement* and the constraints towards its implementation,

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32 *Recognising* the necessity of development to take place on the basis of a secure environment, being
33 convinced at the same time that there exists an interlink between a lack of development that manifests itself in
34 broad illiteracy, poverty, unemployment, insufficient medical supply and sanitary infrastructure on the one hand,
35 and state-instability, terrorism and international crime on the other,

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37 *Acting* for these reasons under Chapter VI and Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

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39 1. *Decides* to implement with the approval of the Afghan administration a special tribunal established
40 under Chapter VI for prosecuting war crimes, crimes against humanity, and terrorism for securing the judicial
41 prosecution of terrorists limited until the Afghan government reports itself able to prosecute the mentioned
42 crimes through the Secretary-General to the Security Council,

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44 2. *Urges* the international community to make contributions to the UN mandated ISAF, especially the
45 deployment of additional Provincial Reconstruction Teams (PRTs) in all parts of Afghanistan,

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47 3. *Decides* to evaluate the possibilities to integrate local experts into the PRTs in order to provide a
48 quicker and more efficient handling of local reconstruction efforts.

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50 4. *Further decides* that the tasks of the PRTs and all other ISAF mandated troops is to provide an
51 atmosphere of security in which the creation of an ethnically balanced, professional and effective ANA can be
52 completed as soon as possible and in which the authority of the Afghan central government can be extended to
53 all parts of Afghanistan;

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55 5. *Affirms* that the ANA shall act under the control of the Afghan Transitional authority and its
56 successors, and shall enable the Transitional authority to implement its sovereign rule over all regions of the
57 country;

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- 59 6. *Encourages* the future ANA to end activities intended to undermine the central government and
60 prevent a further cultivation of poppy in co-operation with Anti-Drug departments in Afghanistan and the United
61 Nations Organisation on Drug and Crime (UNODC);
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- 63 7. *Further requests* that the future ANA is to become a national institution to help to overcome tribal
64 rivalry and to provide the prospect of a brighter future to the Afghan people;
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- 66 8. *Urges* the international community to make further contributions in all possible ways including
67 financial aid, logistical support and expertise to additional national training programmes for Afghan military and
68 police forces working in close cooperation with the Afghan Ministry of Defence and the ISAF under the
69 supervision of United Nations Assistance Mission in Afghanistan, in order to establish a security apparatus,
70 which is accountable to legitimate civilian authorities;
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- 72 9. *Emphasizes* the urgency of conducting free and democratic elections by June 2004 and thus
73 providing the foundation for a stable and sovereign government highlighting the human rights issue based on the
74 democratic Afghan Constitution;
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- 76 10. *Recommends* a conference to be held before the elections in June 2004 to follow-up the *Bonn*
77 *Agreement* on political and financial support from the international community, as demanded by the Afghan
78 President Hamid Karzai to focus on the further reconstruction of infrastructure;
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- 80 11. *Decides* to establish a regional Security Conference as soon as possible under the aegis of the
81 United Nations and in close cooperation with the UNODC, UNHCR in order to foster the cooperation between
82 Afghanistan and its neighbouring states dealing mainly with securing border controls, tackling the refugee
83 problem and the fight of drug trafficking;
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- 85 12. *Requests* more financial aid from the UN-member-states for UNESCO, WFP, UNODC, UNHCR
86 and UNDP in order to provide alternative employment to poppy growers;
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- 88 13. *Further emphasizes* the impact of a highly developed infrastructure as an indispensable pre-
89 condition for the reconstruction of Afghanistan;
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- 91 14. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.